This instruction / checklist is intended for use in upgrading your Laboratory Management System (LMS) for the transition from ISO 17025:2005 to ISO 17025:2017 for the General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

The above Laboratory Management Systems are compatible with each other and have common requirements.

In ISO 17025:2017, the requirements are described in (5) clauses:

- Clause 4 General requirements
- Clause 5 Structural requirements
- Clause 6 Resource requirements
- Clause 7 Process requirements
- Clause 8 Management system requirements

Previously in ISO 17025:2005, the requirements were described in only (2) clauses:

- Clause 4 Management requirements
- Clause 5 Technical requirements

You have the 2005 version in place and now have the objective of upgrading the system to the 2017 version. The good news is that since you are familiar with formal management systems, this initiative will be relatively straightforward.

Essentially, the documentation package for the management system will contain:

- One condensed Manual to introduce the documented information required for ISO 17025:2017.
- A group of procedure/system documents in your LMS with updates to reflect a document numbering system related to the new clause numbers and to incorporate the upgrades for ISO 17025:2017 requirements,
- A group of forms and attachments needed for the documented information and systems.

The documentation will need to be reviewed, upgraded, and implemented. The first step is to assign a person responsible for the LMS, such as with an LMS team leader to become familiar with the changes for 2017 version of the ISO 17025:2017 standard. Visit <a href="http://17025store.com/">http://17025store.com/</a> for training materials, resources, and information on laboratory management systems requirements.

The following table with detailed instructions focuses on the areas of the documentation required for the ISO 17025:2017 LMS. As you undertake the task of upgrading your management system from the 2005 version to the 2017 version, note that the intent of the main clauses is shown in blue font and the text in *italics* indicates where requirements were included in previous ISO 17025:2005, and corresponding requirements are highlighted in yellow for some (35) clauses and sub-clauses.

Use a copy of the ISO 17025:2017 standard along with this instruction to pinpoint for your organization the areas that need attention. You may want to make notes and add comments in the space available to the right and the left of the column for reference documentation. Use the upgrade checklist section on the right side of the table to assign the responsibility for the upgrade and to follow up on its completion.

1

ISO/IEC	Changes to the existing ISO 17025:2005	Reference	Changes in existing documentation	Upgrade	Checklist
17025:2017 Clause	Laboratory System	document		Assigned to:	Date Completed
All	The International Standard Organization / International Electrotechnical Commission ISO/IEC 17025:2017 is restructured and contains 8 sections or clauses 1 through 8.	ISO 17025:2017	The requirement clauses of the standard are the Clause 4 through Clause 8. Your company needs to become familiar with the new structure and the changes and subsequently upgrade the Laboratory Management System (LMS).		
All	As you initiate the transition from ISO 17025:2005 to ISO 17025:2017, here are a few Short, Quick, and To-the-Point Productivity Tips.  17025Store		<ul> <li>An important first tip is to assign a responsible person, such as an LMS Team Leader or Management Representative, who will be the project manager for the transition project.</li> <li>You will need a copy of the ISO 17025:2017 standard. Buy the standard at <a href="http://17025store.com/buy-standards/">http://17025store.com/buy-standards/</a></li> <li>For the transition from the 2005 version to the 2017 version, keep your employees informed by issuing 'Employee Newsletters'. Refer to <a href="http://17025store.com/">http://17025store.com/</a> for a complete set of newsletters.</li> <li>Make use of the 'Implementation Plan'. Refer to <a href="http://17025store.com/">http://17025store.com/</a>.</li> <li>Get your free Quick Start Kit at <a href="http://17025store.com/">http://17025store.com/</a>.</li> <li>As required in clause 8.8, your LMS will need to be audited and your internal auditors properly trained to do this. For a complete auditor training package, refer to <a href="http://17025store.com/">http://17025store.com/</a></li> </ul>		
All	While the specific requirement for a quality manual is not in ISO 17025:2017, the standard requires that Documented	Manual	Replace / rework your existing Laboratory Manual with a condensed version (document LMS-001) that will introduce the management system.		

			information & handled as confidential.		
4.2.2			In P-500 state that when the lab is required by law or		
			authorized to release confidential information, the		
			customer or individual concerned notified of the		
			information provided.		
4.2.3			In P-500 describe how the information about the		
2.0			customer obtained from sources other than the		
			customer, such as complainant, or regulators, is kept		
			confidential between the customer and the lab.		
4.2.4	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.1.5 c, covers the		In P-500 outline how personnel, including committee		
	policies to protect confidential customer		members, contractors, personnel of external bodies,		
	information, proprietary rights, electronic		or individuals acting on behalf of the lab, keep		
	storage, and transmission of results		confidential all information obtained or created during		
			the lab activities.		
5			verall responsibilities and activities are identified in orde		
	ensure valid results. This section also asks th	e laboratory ma	anagement to ensure that the organizational roles, respo	onsibilities, and au	thorities for
	relevant roles are assigned, communicated, a	and understood.			
	In ISO 17025:2017, clause 5, covers the	Documented	Review your existing organizational structural for the		
5	structural requirements and corresponds to	information	laboratory management system.		
	ISO 17025:2005 clause 4.1 organization.				
	In ISO17025:2005, the requirement for	Procedure	As part of the Structural requirements of clause 5,		
5	organization is in par 4.1.		document the information (in P-500, Management		
	In ISO17025:2005, the requirement for		responsibility) to describe the laboratory structure		
	management system is in par 4.2.		and responsibilities.		
5.1	In ISO 17025:2017, at par 4.1.1, the		In P-500 include the requirements for legal entity		
	laboratory is a legally responsible entity.		where the lab is legally responsible for tits activities.		
5.2	In ISO17025:2005, par 4.1.5 I, covers the		In P-500 identify the management with overall		
	appointment of a quality manager		responsibility for your laboratory.		
	At par 4.1.5 j appoint other key managerial				
	personnel.		You may want to prepare an organization chart to		
	At par 4.2.2 the LMS policies include quality		identify functions and responsibilities.		
	policy statement in a quality manual.				
	At par 4.2.5, the quality manual includes or				
	references the supporting procedures.				
	At par 4.2.5, the roles and responsibilities				
	of technical management and the quality				
	manager are defined in the quality manual				
5.3	In ISO17025:2005, par 4.2 deals with the		In P-500 include the range of laboratory activities for		
	management system for the scope of the		which the lab applies the standard and can claim		
	lab activities.		conformity to ISO 17025:2015.		
5.4	In ISO17025:2005, par 4.1.2 deals with the		In P-500 include the activities that are carried out to		

7.1.3			In P-710 define the specification or standard and the	
			decision rule for the customer needing a statement	
			of conformity and communicate the decision rule to	
			the customer.	
7.1.4	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.1 deals with		In P-710 describe the method to resolve differences	
	resolving differences between the request or		between the request, tender and the contract before	
	tender or the contract.		lab work begin.	
	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.1 covers the		In P-710 include the item that each contract is	
	acceptance of contracts by the lab and the		acceptable to both your lab and the customer.	
	customer.			
			In P-710 outline how deviations requested by the	
			customer are determined to have no impact on the	
			integrity of the lab or the validity of results.	
7.1.5	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.4 deals with		In P-710 state that the customer is informed of any	
	informing the customer of any deviation from		deviation from the contract.	
	the contract.			
7.1.6	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.5 covers the		In P-710 include the method to review amendments	
	handling of amendments to contracts after		to contracts after work has begun, by repeating the	
	work has begun		same contract review process, and communicating	
			amendments to all affected personnel.	
7.1.7	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.7.1 deals with the		In P-710 state that your laboratory cooperates with	
	willingness to cooperate with customers.		customers in clarifying their request and in	
	,		monitoring performance in relation to the work done.	
7.1.8	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.2 covers the		In P-710 include the retention of records of reviews.	
	maintenance of records of reviews,		including any significant changes.	
	including any significant changes			
	In ISO 17025:2005, par 4.4.2 covers the		In P-710 include the retention of records of pertinent	
	maintenance of records of customer		discussions with a customer relating to their	
	discussions relating to the lab work.		requirements or the results of the lab activities.	
7.2	In ISO 17025:2017, clause 7.2, covers the	Procedure	Document the information (in a document P-720	
	selection, verification, and validation of		operational planning of methods) to outline the	
	methods & corresponds to ISO 17025:2005		system for using suitable laboratory methods.	
	clause 5.4 test and calibration methods and		,	
	method validation.			
7.2.1	In ISO 17025:2017, clause 7.2.1, covers the		For procedure P-720 review the method for the	
	selection and verification of methods and		selection and verification of laboratory methods.	
	corresponds to ISO 17025:2005 clause			
	5.4.2 selection of methods.			
7.2.1.1	In ISO 17025:2005, par 5.4.1 deals with the		In P-720 describe the methods and procedures used	
	methods and procedures used for all tests		for all lab activities and, as needed, for evaluation of	
	and calibrations and includes an estimation		the measurement uncertainty, and the statistical	
	of the measurement uncertainty as well as		techniques for analysis of data.	

#### ISO 17025:2017

### **Laboratory Management System**

Laboratory Manual / Documented Information

Document No. LMS-001

**Street Address** 

City, State, Zip

Tel,

**Cell Phone:** 

Email:

Web Site:



#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY NAME HERE**

#### **Laboratory Manual**

LMS-001-A

#### Instructions:

This manual is used as a template in developing your ISO 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System.

- Methods and systems used in the development and operation of the LMS vary widely from laboratory to laboratory.
- The amount of documentation will depend larger on the type of activities the
  laboratory is involved in. Methods and systems included in the LMS documentation
  provide a great number of the required documents; however, they may not be all
  inclusive to cover all laboratory test cal traitin, simpling, etc. activities.
- The blue text and suggestions displayed in the manual are intended to offer some options and to highlight the areas that beed attention / update / replacement.
- Review the text and suggestions and at a minimum replace or update them to reflect the unique / customiced information of your laboratory system requirements.
- Delete the blue text after each task is completed.
- Use replace function enter "Your Company" / "Your laboratory" in find space, enter your company name in replace space – system should make changes throughout the entire document.
- Additional details and instructions in the use of the LMS-001 manual template are included in a separate file "LMS-Template-Instructions".

#### Additional documentation review.

 Similarly, the blue text and suggestions displayed in the LMS documentation (that will follow) for the procedures, instructions, attachments, and forms are intended to offer some options and to highlight the areas that require update or replacement.

#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY NAME HERE**

#### **Laboratory Manual**

LMS-001-A

#### Table of Contents – (this page)

#### Introduction

Section A a. Range of laboratory activities / Scope of the LMS

b. Laboratory management system option A

Section B References

a. Normative reference

b. Definitions

#### Laboratory Management System Requirements

Section C Documented Information

a. Distribution Control List

b. Revision Status

c. Organization Chart

d. Policies and Objectives.

e. Company Background

Section D List of Documented Information for clauses 4 through 8

Clause 4 General requirements

Clause 5 Structural requirements

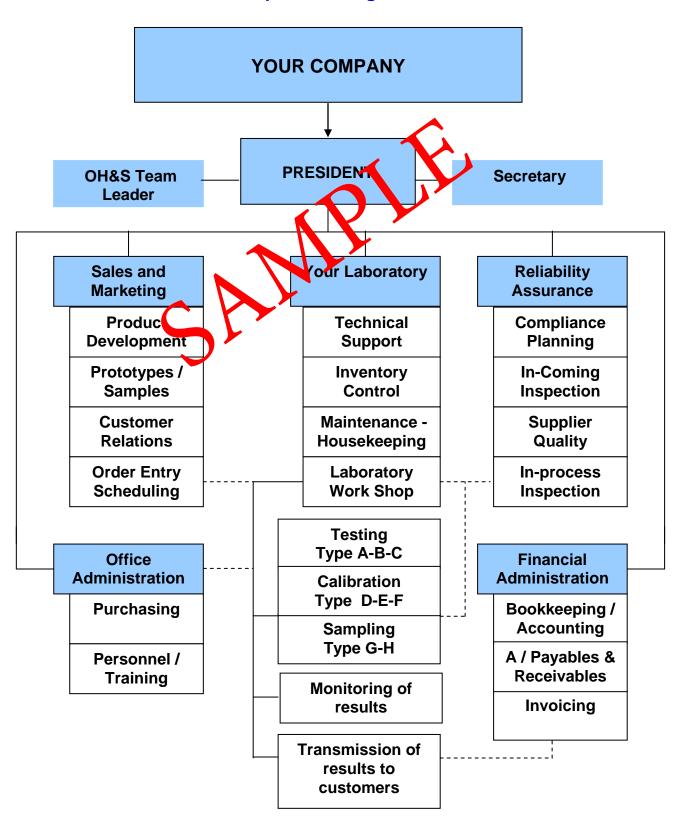
Clause 6 Resource requirements

Clause 7 Process requirements

Clause 8 Management system requirements

Section E Records Documentation Matrix

#### **Example of an organization chart**



#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY LOGO/NAME HERE**

F-610-003 Environmental Control Log

			C	aily Labo	oratory E	Environn	nental Co	ontrol Lo	g				
Activity	Testing			Calibrati	on		Samplin	g		Other	Other		
Spec	Tempera	iture:		Humidity	<b>/</b> :		Cl ani n	es:		Other:			
Date	Acc.	Rej.	Sign.	Acc.	Rej.	Sign	Acc.	Rej.	Sign.	Acc.	Rej.	Sign.	
						,							
				C									
				<u> </u>	)								

#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY LOGO/NAME HERE**

F-660-003 Provider Corrective Action Request

Date:		PCAR No.:	
Part / Item:		Part No.:	
Dept. / Provider:		Job No. / PO N	lo.:
Qty. Rejected:		Serial / Batc	Nos.:
DESC	RIPTION OF N	ONCO VFORM	ANCE
		Identified	by (Signature / Date):
Date:	DISPO	SITION	
Rework  Use AS-IS		Scrap □	
Remarks:			
Approved (Signature / Date):	Approved (Sigr	nature / Date):	Approved (Signature / Date):
Due Date:	CLOS	SEOUT	
Customer Authorize: Yes	No □	Customer Auth	orization Ref.:
Re-inspected: Yes □	No □	Inspection Rep	ort No.:
Corrective Action: Yes	No □	Corrective Acti	on No.:
Approved (Signature / Date):		Approved (Signature / Date):	

- Development, modification, verification, and validation of methods,
- Analysis of results, statements of conformity, opinions, and interpretations,
- Report, review and authorize results.
- 5.1.4 In support of resource management, awareness issues are addressed with new employees. They attend orientation training and made aware of:
  - The relevant objectives,
  - Their contribution to an effective LMS,
  - The benefits of improved performance,
  - The implications of not conforming to requirements of the LMS,
  - The importance of meeting customer requirements and the need for ensuring customer satisfaction,
  - The importance of meeting regulatory stautory requirements,
  - The quality policy.
- 5.1.5 Awareness training is repeated to all en ployees as supervisors or management or the LMS to miden fies the need to retrain employees.
- 5.2 Human Resources staff man tains records of employee qualifications and documents the education, experience and skills required for each position and job. A job description form such as F-t20-003 is used for this purpose.
  - 5.2.1 In support of the management of resources, the level of knowledge needed to achieve conformity to requirements is considered.
    - Knowledge is maintained and made available through planned training.
       Organizational knowledge can include information such as intellectual property and lessons learned.
    - When addressing changing needs and trends, the current knowledge is assessed to determine how to acquire new needed knowledge.
  - 5.2.2 The LMS team leader is on alert for opportunities to improve organizational knowledge. An information center / library is maintained to collect and make available information that can enhance knowledge.
- 5.3 Each supervisor is responsible for identifying job specific training requirements for each position in their area and to maintain the employee training summaries on spreadsheet, form F-620-004 or in a training database.
  - 5.3.1 Actions to acquire the necessary competence can include mentoring, provision of training, the reassignment of current employees, or the hiring or contracting of competent personnel.
- 5.4 When an employee is hired, changes positions or job requirements change, Human Resources obtains a resume or application from the employee to document their qualifications.
  - 5.4.1 Employee qualifications are compared against the requirements for the position. If there are requirements that the employee's qualifications do not meet, human resources or the employee's supervisor identifies an action plan to provide the employee with the necessary qualifications.

#### **INSERT YOUR LABORATORY LOGO/NAME HERE**

P-710-A

#### **Customer Related Processes**

#### 1.0 Purpose/Scope

- 1.1 The purpose of this procedure is to describe the process for communicating with customers and determining and reviewing requirements related to laboratory services provided by Your laboratory.
- 1.2 The procedure applies to the review of customer requests, tenders, and contracts, and orders received for laboratory tests, calibrations, and sampling.

#### 2.0 Responsibilities and Authorities

- 2.1 The Sales and marketing manager has the prime responsibility and approval authority for this procedure.
- 2.2 In support of the Sales and marketing manager, the Customer service or Sales representatives are responsible for taking orders from clients, determining customer requirements, and reviewing the orders for acceptance
- 2.3 Additional responsibilities for pales are marketing / customer service / project or account managers / production control personnel are detailed in relevant paragraphs of section 5.0 below.

#### 3.0 References and Dinitions

3.1 This document relates to clause 7.1 of the ISO 17025:2017 standard, covering the review of requests, tenders, and contracts.

#### 4.0 Resources

4.1 None

#### 5.0 Instructions

- 5.1 In support of the requirements for processes, this procedure addresses the customer related processes.
- 5.2 In support of the Sales and marketing manager, the LMS team ensures that customer request, tenders, and contracts are reviewed.
  - 5.2.1 The requests and orders for laboratory services are accepted electronically or by email, phone, fax, or mail.
  - 5.2.2 When a customer service or sales and marketing rep receives a request from a client, the representative identifies and documents customer requirements.
  - 5.2.3 An important first step is to clarify or classify all the test or calibration services that are requested as "Accredited" or as "Not-Accredited".
    - Section D of the client assessment report, F-710-001 is used to record the classification for the tests or calibrations.
  - 5.2.4 In support of the requested accredited or not-accredited laboratory services

#### 1.0 Purpose/Scope

- 1.1 The purpose of this procedure is to establish the process for the monitoring, analysis, and evaluation of technical records, of measurement uncertainty, and of the validity of results at Your laboratory.
- 1.2 The procedure applies to the laboratory activities where performance is evaluated.

#### 2.0 Responsibilities and Authorities

- 2.1 The Quality manager has the prime responsibility and approval authority for this procedure.
- 2.2 In support of the Quality manager, the LMS team is esponsible for identifying the appropriate recording, evaluation, and morning,
- 2.3 Additional responsibilities for the LM team are detailed in relevant paragraphs of section 5.0 below.

#### 3.0 References and Definition

- 3.1 This document relates to cause 7.5 of the ISO 17025:2017 standard, dealing with technical pards
- This document also relates to clause 7.6, evaluation of measurement uncertainty, and clause 7.7, ensuring the validity of results.
- 3.3 Proficiency testing is an evaluation of participant performance against preestablished criteria by means of interlaboratory comparisons.

#### 4.0 Resources

4.1 None

#### 5.0 Instructions

- 5.1 In support of the requirements for processes, this procedure addresses the requirements for technical reports, evaluation of measurement uncertainty, and ensuring the validity of results.
- 5.2 In support of the Quality manager, the LMS team determines what needs to be recorded, evaluated, and monitored, the methods (such as statistical techniques) for these activities, when they are performed, and when the results are to be analyzed and evaluated.
- 5.3 The LMS team ensues that technical records for each laboratory activity contain the results, report, and sufficient information to allow for the identification of factors affecting the measurement result and its associated measurement uncertainty and to enable the repetition of the laboratory activity under conditions as close as possible to the original.
  - 5.3.1 The technical records include the date and the identity of personnel responsible for each laboratory activity and for checking of data and results.
    - Original observations, data and calculations are recorded at the time they are made and are identifiable with the specific task.

#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY LOGO/NAME HERE**

WI-820-001-A

#### **Document Numbering System**

#### 1.0 Purpose/Scope

- 1.1 This instruction describes the numbering system used to identify and control the documented information required for the LMS at Var Company.
- 1.2 The instruction applies to all documented in rmation essential to the product or service and to the procedures essertial to the operation of Your Company.

#### 2.0 Responsibilities and Authorities

- 2.1 The LMS team letter has the trime responsibility and approval authority for this instruction.
- 2.2 The document control coordinator is responsible for assigning document numbers, maintaining the master list, making new and revised documents available, distributing hard copies of documents, and revising documents.

#### 3.0 References and Definitions

#### 3.1 Reference

3.1.1 P-820 Control of documented information is the upward procedure that this work instruction is controlled by.

#### 3.2 Definitions

- 3.2.1 **Attachment**: Document used to further clarify or show examples of information described in the manual, procedures, and work instructions.
- 3.2.2 **Form**: Pre-formatted document used to make a record.
- 3.2.3 **Procedure:** Document outlining the controlled conditions for processes used to provide products or services.
- 3.2.4 **Process Flow Diagram**: Graphical representation of the key steps required for a process.
- 3.2.5 Record: Documented information generated as a result of the process intended to provide a product or service and retained to provide evidence of conformity.
- 3.2.6 **Reference**: External document or sources used in preparing documentation and completing work.
- 3.2.7 Related Document: Other document that reflects the process approach for the LMS and that may need to be altered if the current document is revised or changed.
- 3.2.8 **Template:** Formatted document used as a guide to create forms or procedures required by the management system.

#### **INSERT YOUR COMPANY LOGO/NAME HERE**

WI-820-001-A

#### **Document Numbering System**

3.2.9 **Work Instruction**: A document which provides step-by-step directions on how a task should be done.

#### 4.0 Resources

4.1 None, (unless an electronic document control system is used).

#### 5.0 Instructions

- 5.1 Document numbering. Procedures, work instructions, forms and attachments are numbered using the numbering scheme outlined in this instruction.
  - 5.1.1 A prefix represents the type of document
    - A = Attachment
    - F = Form
    - P Procedu
      - T = Templa.
      - FD = Flow Diagram
      - WI = Work Instruction
  - 5.1.2 The prefix is followed by a 3-digit number, assigned by the document control group, and relates to the requirement clause of the standard.
  - 5.1.3 Procedures are assigned a number associated with the clause number.

#### Example:

The procedure for control of documented information relates to clause 8.2 of the standard and is assigned number P-820.

5.1.4 Work Instructions have the same three-digit number as their associated procedure and an additional three-digit sequential number as needed.

#### Example:

This work instruction WI-820-001 is the first instruction related to control of documented information.

WI-820-002 might be the work instruction for maintaining the master list of document numbers, the next work instruction related to procedure P-820.

5.1.5 Forms and attachments have the same three-digit number as their associated procedure and an additional three-digit sequential number as needed.

#### Example:

F-820-001 (list of documented information) is the first form for the Control of documented information procedure P-820.

**Document Numbering System** 

#### ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

This gap analysis checklist is prepared for use in evaluating the requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories against the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2017 as you transition from ISO/IEC 17025:2005. Each requirement is expressed as a question that the user (auditor / assessor) can ask to evaluate your laboratory capabilities. You will need to have copies of the ISO 17025:2017 and the ISO 17025:2005 standards to use along with this checklist so that you can refer to the requirements if necessary.

While the two versions of the standard do not line up when comparing the requirements:

- New requirements and / or new terminology are highlighted in yellow.
- The intent of the main clauses of the new standard is shown in blue font.
- The 3rd left-hand column in green shade is intended to provide reference / comparison / similarities to and extracts from the ISO 17025:2005 requirements, and to identify and locate where in the new clauses, the former requirements are relevant.
- Comments highlighted in **red font** indicate removed requirements.

After you have prepared an audit schedule and assigned responsibility to your auditors for different areas or processes to audit, copy each section of the checklist for the auditors working with that section. As you work through the checklist take notes on what is in place, and what needs to be developed. In the space for 'currently in place', list or reference the procedures or other documents, or evidence that you have reviewed and that will provide information for the new laboratory management system. Take notes on the status of the documents, that is, will they need to be revised for the new system, or can they be used as is? Also note where processes are in place, but documentation is needed. Focus on what is in place, and what needs to be developed.

While you do want to know if documented information is in place and if procedures and processes are being complied with, compliance is not your main focus for this audit.

Remember that the final outcome of this audit should be a list of things that your company needs to do to comply with ISO 17025:2017.

Note that the checklist relates to Option A introduced in clause 8.1 of the standard. This option lists the minimum requirements for the implementation of a management system in a laboratory setting and incorporates the requirements of ISO 9001 that are relevant to the scope of laboratory activities covered by the management system. By complying with the requirements of clause 4 through clause 7 and implementing clauses 8.2 through 8.9, laboratories can generally operate in accordance with the ISO 9001:2015 principles.

Audit conducted by:	Date:	to	Copyright © ISO17025Store	Page 1 of 71

ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

	ISO/IEC 170025:2017 Requirements for the Competence of Testing and	ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Reference Requirements	Currently in Place	Compliant YES / NO?	If No - % Completed	Items Needed	
	Calibration Laboratories	1000000	1				
4	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS		4 Management requirements				
Intent of clause	This first clause introduces two sub-claustructured manner in order to safeguard information obtained or created during the	impartiality and provide presence of c	bjectivity. Second is	confidentiality, w			
4.1	<b>Impartiality</b>						
4.1.1	As an organization, are your laboratory activities undertaken impartially and structured and managed to safeguard impartiality?	4.1.4 Note 2. A third-party laboratory demonstrates that it is impartial.					
4.1.2	How does the laboratory management demonstrate commitment to impartiality?	4.1.5 d) Laboratory policies to avoid activities that diminish confidence in its impartiality.					
4.1.3	Is the laboratory responsible for the impartiality of its activities and does it disallow commercial, financial, or other pressures to affect impartiality?	4.1.5 b) Ensure that the management and personnel are free from any undue pressures and influences that may adversely affect the quality of their work.					
4.1.4	Has the laboratory identified risks to its impartiality on an on-going basis?						
	Does this include those risks that arise from its activities, relationships, or from the relationships of its personnel?						
With refe	erence to the note in 4.1.4:						
	Is a relationship that threatens the	4.1.4 If the laboratory is part of a					

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ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

	impartiality of the laboratory based on ownership, governance, management, personnel, shared resources, finances, contracts, marketing, branding, and payment of a sales commission or other inducement for the referral of new customers, etc.?	company performing other than lab services, the responsibilities of key personnel are defined to identify any conflicts of interest.					
4.1.5	When a risk to impartiality is identified, how is the laboratory able to demonstrate that it eliminates or minimizes the risk?						
4.2	Confidentiality						
4.2.1	Is your laboratory responsible, through legally enforceable commitments, for the management of all information obtained or created during the performance of laboratory activities?						
	<ul> <li>Does the laboratory inform the customer in advance, of the information it intends to place in the public domain?</li> </ul>						
	Except for information that the customer makes publicly available, or when agreed between the laboratory and the customer, such as for responding to complaints, is all other information considered proprietary information and handled as confidential?	4.7.1 The laboratory cooperates with customers providing that confidentiality is assured to other customers.					
4.2.2	When the laboratory is required by law or authorized by contractual						

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ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

	arrangements to release confidential information, is the customer or individual concerned notified of the information provided?						
4.2.3	Is the information about the customer obtained from sources other than the customer, such as complainant, or regulators, confidential between the customer and the laboratory?						
	<ul> <li>Is the source of this information confidential to the laboratory and not to be shared with the customer, unless agreed by the source?</li> </ul>						
4.2.4	Do the personnel, including any committee members, contractors, personnel of external bodies, or individuals acting on behalf of the laboratory, keep confidential all information obtained or created during the laboratory activities?	4.1.5 c) Policies to protect confidential customer information and proprietary rights, including protecting the electronic storage and transmission of results					
5	STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS		4.1 Organization				
			4.2 Management system				
Intent of clause	ensure valid results. This section also asks the laboratory management to ensure that the organizational roles, responsibilities, and authorities for						
5.1	Is the laboratory a legal entity, or a defined part of a legal entity, that is legally responsible for its activities?	4.1.1 The laboratory is an entity that is legally responsible.					
With refe	rence to the note in 5.1:						

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#### ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

	Do you consider a government laboratory to be a legal entity based on its governmental status?						
5.2	Is the management with overall responsibility for the laboratory identified?						
		4.1.5 i) Appoint a member of staff a has defined responsibility and autho implemented and followed. The qual where decisions are made on lab pole					
		4.1.5 j) Appoint deputies for key man					
		4.2.2 The laboratory's management policy statement, defined in a quality reviewed during management review					
		includes at least the following:  a) The laboratory management's co	2.2 The quality policy statement issued under the authority of top management cludes at least the following:  The laboratory management's commitment to good professional practice and to the quality of its testing and calibration in servicing its customers.				
		b) The management's statement of the	Ť				
		c) The purpose of the management s     d) A requirement that all personnel within the laboratory familiarize s implement the policies and process.	concerned with tes themselves with the	ting and calibrat			
		e) The laboratory management's co continually improve the effectiven			and to		
		4.2.5 The quality manual includes o technical procedures and outlines the			es including		

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#### ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Laboratory Management System - The ISO 17025:2017 - from - ISO 17025:2005 Gap Analysis Checklist

		manager, including their responsibil	2.5 The roles and responsibilities of technical management and the quality inager, including their responsibility for ensuring compliance with ISO 17025 are fined in the quality manual (however named).					
5.3	Has the laboratory defined and documented the range of activities for which it conforms to ISO 17025?	4.2.1 Establish, implement, and maintain a management system appropriate to the scope of the lab activities.						
	Do you only claim conformity with ISO 17025 for this range of lab activities, which excludes ongoing externally provided lab activities?							
5.4	Are the lab activities carried out to meet the requirements of the ISO standard, along with the requirements of customers, of regulatory authorities and of organizations providing recognition?	4.1.2 It is the lab's responsibility to carry out its activities to meet ISO 17025 requirement and to satisfy the needs of customers, regulatory authorities, or others providing recognition.						
	Does this include lab activities performed in all permanent facilities, at sites away from permanent facilities, in associated temporary or mobile facilities or at a customer facility?	4.1.3 The lab system covers work carried out in permanent facilities, at sites away from its permanent facilities, or in associated temporary or mobile facilities.						
5.5	For your laboratory have you:							
	Defined the organizational and management structure, its place in any parent company, and the relationships between management, technical operations, and support services?	4.1.5 e) Define the lab structure, its place in a parent company, and the relationships between quality management, technical operations, and support services.						

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# Employee Training ISO 17025:2017

**Student Guide** 

#### ISO/IEC 17025:2017 **OVERVIEW**

**Technical ISO standard for the** competence of testing and calibration laboratories

#### **TOPICS COVERED**

1. Fundamentals

- Who is ISO?
   What is CA std?
   Registration vs accreditation
   What is a Management System?
   Plan Do Check Act
   Process approach
   Risk Based
  Thinking
   Scope of accreditation
   Technical
   elements

2. Basics of a Lab-MS and ISO 17025

- What is a Lab-MS ? What is ISO/IEC 17025?
- 17025?
  •Benefits of accreditation
  •Elements of ISO/IEC 17025:2017
- 3. Establishing your Lab-MS
- Key Elements Documenting your Lab-MS
- Lab-MS
   Implementing the MS in your Organization
   Training People
   Auditing the MS
   Accreditation
- 4. Managing the ISO 17025 Lab-MS
- Key elements of an ISO/IEC 17025 Lab-MS
   ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation

**SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTALS** 

- + Who is ISO?
- + What are CA standards?
- + Registration vs accreditation
- + What is a Management System?
- + Plan Do Check Act
- + Process approach
- + Risk Based Thinking
- + Scope of accreditation
- + Technical elements

_		

Name	)										

#### Section 4:

- 1. The ISO/IEC 17025 full element regarding risks and opportunities is found in clause 8 of the new standard.
  - a. False b. True
- 2. Communication channels and content cannot be taken for granted in a quality organization. Requirements are found in the standard not only for what to communicate, but also for to whom, when and how.
  - a. False b. True
- 3. An accredited ISO/IEC 17025 laboratory is required by the standard to issue feedback surveys to all their customers.
  - a. False b. True
- 4. Understanding measurement uncertainty is one of the key challenges to an accredited ISO/IEC 17025 lab.
  - a. False b. True





# Employee Training ISO 17025:2017

Trainer's Guide

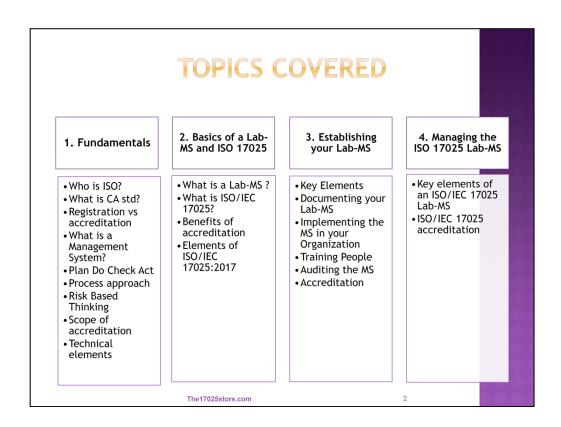
## ISO/IEC 17025:2017 OVERVIEW

# Technical ISO standard for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

The17025store.com

Every employee in your laboratory has an important role to play in your Laboratory Management System (Lab-MS). Your organization may include thousands of employees, but the entity getting accredited would be limited to the laboratory technical and support staff for their proposed scope tests or calibrations.

You are participating in this training to learn the basics of a Lab-MS and what it means to be ISO/IEC 17025 accredited and how it will affect your job.



Today we will cover the following topics so that you will better understand your company's Management System.

I will begin by providing some basic information regarding management systems and ISO standards.

I will then explain:

What is a Lab-MS (Management System) and What is ISO?

What is a conformity assessment (CA) standard?

What is the international ILAC organization in the global technical community?

Why it is important to your company to achieve ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation?

What is a scope of accreditation?

What key technical elements are involved?

What are the benefits of achieving accreditation?

What are the elements necessary to establish and manage an ISO/IEC 17025 Lab-MS, and How can you support your organization's MS?

For the rest of the training, we will use the term Lab-MS which means the Lab's Management System.

# Certificate of Completion

This certifies that

# **Insert Name**

Has successfully completed

IATF 17025:2017 Employee Training

Demonstrating competence by passing the final exam.

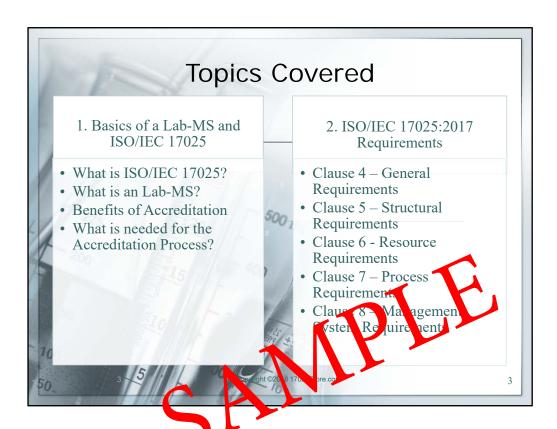
President, Standards-Stores.com

**September 12, 2018** 



Requirements of ISO/IEC\17025:2017

**Trainer Guide** 



Today we will cover the following topics so that you will better understand your company's Laboratory Management System.

What is ISO/IEC 17025 and what is a Lab-MS What are the benefits of achieving accreditation

What are the elements necessary to establish and manage a ISO/IEC 17025 Lab-MS, and What is needed for the ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation process

And finally, we will go through the requirements in the clauses of ISO/IEC 17025:2017

Trainer's Guide includes Speakers Notes

#### What is ISO/IEC 17025:2017

- Outlines the basic elements of a laboratory management system (Lab-MS) which support the defined testing or calibration scope of accreditation
   Applies to any organization throughout the world performing any testing or calibration
- Does not mandate across-the-board criteria a company must meet, like a certain "level of quality"
- Does not "rate" your company against others but proficiency testing reassures both you and the global technical community of your competence and reliability
  - Was designed by global experts. After 12-year lag, updated in late 2017

    Has been implemented by over 70,000 organizations globally
- Products in global trade do not need to be re-tested or calible ted at im, ort locations if they have been tested by acceeding a late.

ISO/IEC 17025:2017 is an ICO standard used by testing and calibration laboratories to show competer ce in their ability to perform specific tests or calibrations. Accreditation to the standard is a formal recognition of a demonstration of that competence.

ISO/IEC 17025 was initially published in 1999. A revision was added in 2005 and the standard was recently updated in November 2017.

ISO/IEC 17025 enhances the acceptance of products across national borders. By removing the need for additional calibration, testing, medical testing and/or inspection of imports and exports, technical barriers to trade are reduced. In this way, the free-trade goal of a 'product tested or calibrated once and accepted everywhere' can be realized.

5



Requirements of ISO/IEC 17025;2017

**Student Guide** 

### Student's Guide has space for notes







## Includes two quizzes



#### Is it a Requirement?

15 It a Requirement?		
The standard requires that: If the requirement is true, circle True and list the clause. If it is false, circle False and list the clause used.	True	False
The laboratory shall establish a management system that is capable of assuring the quality of the laboratory results	T Clause:	F Clause:
2. Reports do not need to include the contact information of the customer.	T Clause:	F Clause:
3. Records shall be retained for equipment which can influence laboratory activities.	T Clause:	F Clause:
4. The laboratory does not need to be a legal entity or be legally responsible for its laboratory activities.	T Clause:	F Clause:
<ul><li>5. The laboratory does not need to retain records for the supervision of personnel.</li><li>6. Management must review the management</li></ul>	T Claute:	F Clause:
system at least every quarter of the year.  7. The laboratory shall document the compensore	Clause:	Clause:
requirements for each function influencing the results of laboratory activities.	Clause:	Clause:
8. Upon receipt of the test or calibration item, deviations from specified conditions need to be recorded.	Clause:	Clause:
9. Any differences between the request or tender and the contract shall be resolved at the end of the calibration or testing.	T Clause:	F Clause:
10. The laboratory shall identify and select opportunities for improvement.	T Clause:	F Clause:
11. Information about the customer obtained from sources other than the customer need to be confidential between the customer and the laboratory.	T Clause:	F Clause:
12. The laboratory needs to retain records for at least two years.	T Clause:	F Clause:
13. Actions to address risks and opportunities need to be determined for the laboratory's activities.	T Clause:	F Clause:
14. The laboratory shall provide the complainant with progress reports and the outcome of the complaint.	T Clause:	F Clause:

# Certificate of Completion

Insert your Company Name Here

This certifies that

**Insert Name** 

Has successfully completed the training course in

Requirements of ISO 17025:2017

Insert Trainer's Name & Title

**January 9, 2019**